

PRINCIPLES FOR PROTECTING YOUTH, PUBLIC HEALTH & EQUITY IN CANNABIS REGULATION

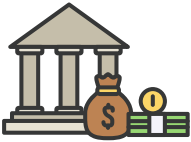
The war on drugs has resulted in large scale unjust incarceration and other harmful social impacts. At the same time, legalizing cannabis without robust regulation and promoting the growth of an unfettered for-profit industry threatens our developing youth and public health, and risks further exacerbating social, economic, and health disparities. As a society, we have a collective responsibility to prevent or mitigate such harms. Where legalization is occurring, we can better accomplish this by putting in place strong guardrails and policies that protect youth, promote public health, and advance social equity. These should include:

PROTECT CHILDREN & YOUTH



- Eliminate the Cannabis Kids Menu. Prohibit any products, packaging or marketing that is attractive to children or youth, such as cannabis-infused beverages, flavored products intended for inhalation, flavored wrappers, and products that resemble candy.
- Limit the number of retail outlets to fewer than 1 per 15,000 people.
- Require buffer zones between retail outlets and schools (including colleges), public libraries, and other youth-serving facilities.

PROMOTE EQUITY & MITIGATE HARMS FROM THE WAR ON DRUGS



- Decriminalize cannabis possession, reduce cannabis-related incarceration and automatically expunge past criminal convictions for non-violent cannabis-related crimes (e.g. CA, IL.).
- Capture most or all tax revenue for substance abuse prevention and treatment, mitigating negative social impacts of the war on drugs, and public education campaigns.
- Prioritize equity in licensing applicants and hiring requirements (e.g. residents of communities impacted by high drug incarceration rates, people with past cannabis convictions).

AVERT THE EMERGENCE OF A NEW TOBACCO-LIKE INDUSTRY



- Favor public or nonprofit monopoly models to allow legal access without creating a profit-driven market (Quebec cannabis model or state alcohol monopoly models).
- Preserve local control so communities can innovate and learn.
- Prohibit conflicts of interest in regulatory bodies, advisory commissions, and for regulators and prescribers.

PROTECT PUBLIC HEALTH



- Assure that not driving increased consumption is a system goal.
- Place public health authorities in leadership roles.
- Require prominent health warnings in stores and provide safer use information to consumers.
- Inform vulnerable groups of the risks of use, such as low birth weight when used during pregnancy, psychosis and schizophrenia and other mental health effects, traffic incidents and immigration risks.
- Extend smoke-free air restrictions to consistently prohibit smoking and vaping cannabis indoors in workplaces, multi-unit housing and in public outdoors spaces.

LIMIT DANGEROUS PRODUCT DIVERSIFICATION & MARKETING



- Limit THC content, require stocking of lower THC products, and standardized 5 mg THC doses of concentrates.
- Prohibit the use of flavor additives and limit marketing of flavor names known to attract kids.
- Limit aggressive cannabis marketing, especially when visible to youth and children.
- Require warning labels on any advertising & prominent pictorial warnings on packages.
- Prohibit therapeutic or health claims for cannabis products.
- Use a specialized business model for retailers (no food or other product sales).

Download complete model ordinances for retailing, marketing and taxation at www.gettingitrightfromthestart.org.

For more information, email apadon@phi.org.



Advancing Public Health & Equity in Cannabis Policy