Cannabis Policy
2022 SCORECARD

This scorecard analyzes local cannabis ordinances passed prior to January 1, 2022, in each California city or county that legalized storefront retail sales, to assess policies in effect going into 2022. It evaluates to what extent potential best practices were adopted to protect youth, reduce problem cannabis use and promote social equity beyond those already in state law. Scores fall into six public health and equity focused categories for a total maximum of 100 points.

### Retailer Requirements
- Limit # of retailers (max. 10 pts) 3
- Local retail tax (6 pts) 6
- Limit high potency products (max. 6 pts)
- Limit billboards (max. 6 pts)
- End the Cannabis Kids Menu
- Prominent health warnings on ads (4 pts)
- Limit therapeutic or health claims (3 pts)
- License priority for equity applicants (3 pts)
- Cost deferrals for equity applicants (1 pt)
- No prescriber on retail premises (1 pt)
- No prescriber in ownership (1 pt)

### Taxes & Prices
- Revenue dedicated to youth, prevention or equity (max. 6 pts)
- Tax by THC content (5 pts)
- Prohibit discounting (2 pts)
- Minimum price (1 pt)
- Prominent health warnings posted in store (4 pts)
- Minimum price handed out (4 pts)

### Product Limits
- No flavored products for combustion or inhalation (max. 5 pts)
- No cannabis-infused beverages (4 pts)
- Limit other products/packaging attractive to youth (2 pts)
- Limit marketing attractive to youth (2 pts)
- No cannabis-infused beverages (4 pts)

### Marketing
- No prescriber on retail premises (1 pt)
- No prescriber in ownership (1 pt)

### Smoke-Free Air
- Prohibit on-site consumption (3 pts)

### Equity & Conflicts of Interest
- Licensing priority for equity applicants (3 pts)
- Equity in hiring requirements (3 pts)

**Total Score = 9**