This scorecard analyzes local cannabis ordinances passed prior to January 1, 2023, in each California city or county that legalized retail sales only by delivery, to assess policies in effect going into 2022. It evaluates to what extent potential best practices were adopted to protect youth, reduce problem cannabis use and promote social equity beyond those already in state law. Scores fall into six public health and equity focused categories for a total maximum of 100 points.

### Policy Adopted Beyond State Law
- **Require local permit (max. 12 pts)**: 0
- **Local retail tax (6 pts)**: 0
- **Limit high potency products (max. 6 pts)**: 0
- **Limit billboards (max. 6 pts)**: 0
- **Prohibit temporary event permits (5 pts)**: 0
- **Licensing priority for equity applicants (3 pts)**: 0
- **Medical delivery sales allowed (3 pts)**: 3
- **Revenue dedicated to youth, prevention or equity (6 pts)**: 0
- **Prohibit therapeutic or health claims (3 pts)**: 0
- **Limit delivery destinations (max. 10 pts)**: 0
- **Prohibit discounting (2 pts)**: 0
- **Limit marketing attractive to youth (2 pts)**: 0
- **Use of Independent ID Verification Software (10 pts)**: 0
- **Tax by THC content (5 pts)**: 0
- **Limit other products/packaging attractive to youth (2 pts)**: 0
- **Health warnings handed out (4 pts)**: 0
- **Minimum price (1 pt)**: 0
- **Limit delivery destinations (max. 10 pts)**: 0
- **Prohibit discounting (2 pts)**: 0
- **Limit marketing attractive to youth (2 pts)**: 0

### Total Score = 3